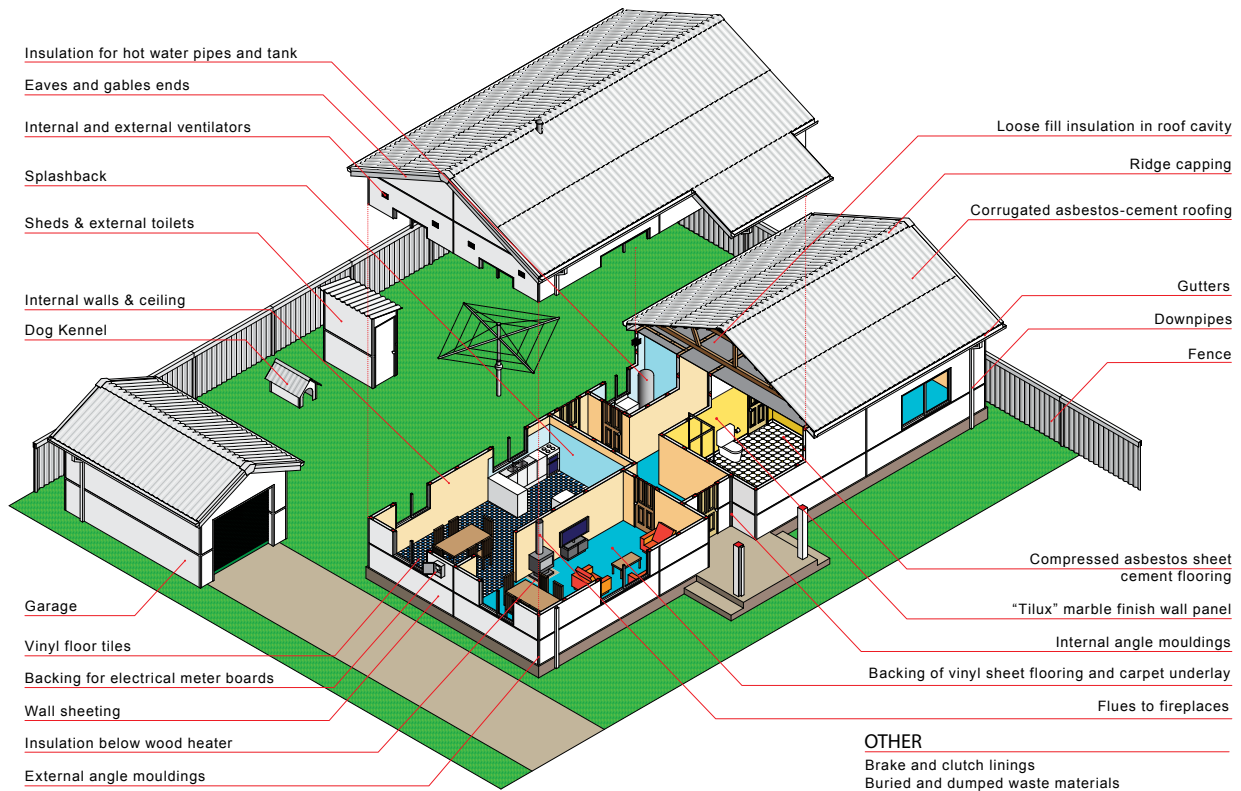


# FACT SHEET

## Asbestos

Asbestos has been used in thousands of homes throughout Australia. It is most commonly found in fibro. In 2003, the manufacture and supply of asbestos was banned.

### WHERE ASBESTOS MAY BE FOUND IN A TYPICAL HOME



### Health effects

Asbestos is a known carcinogen. The inhalation of asbestos fibres can cause mesothelioma, lung cancer, asbestosis and asbestos related pleural disease.

Always seek advice about suitable health and safety precautions before disturbing asbestos materials. Visit [www.health.nsw.gov.au](http://www.health.nsw.gov.au) for more information on the health effects of asbestos.

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## Safe management

Asbestos can release fibres into the air when disturbed. It is prevalent during the renovation and demolition of buildings containing asbestos, and when there is any direct action on the asbestos, such as drilling, boring, cutting, filing, brushing, grinding, sanding, breaking, smashing, blowing with compressed air and water blasting.

It is not always possible to detect asbestos just by looking at it. The best way to identify asbestos is by having a licensed asbestos removalist inspect it. If unsure whether a material contains asbestos, treat it as though it does.

## Safe removal

Before renovating or doing maintenance work on your home, find out if it contains asbestos and know what to do to remove and dispose of it safely. If more than 10 square metres of bonded asbestos needs to be removed, you must engage a bonded asbestos removalist who is licensed by WorkCover.

Most building or demolition work requires some form of approval. Before erecting or demolishing a building, or making any alterations, find out from the local council if a development consent or complying development certificate is required.

Before any asbestos is removed, advise your neighbours of the time and date of removal, and the name of the licensed removalist.

For more information, see WorkCover's guide, *Working with asbestos* (catalogue no. WC05484).

## Safe disposal

Asbestos is classified as a hazardous material. There are strict guidelines about how it should be packaged and transported, and where it can be disposed.

All asbestos must be specially wrapped, labelled and disposed of, as soon as possible, at a facility that can lawfully receive asbestos waste.

For more information, see *Safely disposing of asbestos waste in your home* at [www.environment.nsw.gov.au](http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au)

## Who to contact?

### Safe management of asbestos in your home

General asbestos safety issues

Local Council

Derelict properties

Local Council

### Complaints about unsafe work at a residential property

Work conducted by a neighbour (including a home owner or tenant as part of home maintenance, renovation or small scale demolition)

Local Council

Work conducted by a contractor or worker

WorkCover NSW

Licensed removal work at a residence

WorkCover NSW

### Transport and disposal

Safe disposal of waste

Environment Protection Authority

Landfill facilities in Sydney Metro

Environment Protection Authority

Landfill facilities in regional areas

Local Council

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## Further information

WorkCover NSW	13 10 50	<a href="http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au">www.workcover.nsw.gov.au</a>
Environment Protection Authority	13 15 55	<a href="http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au">www.environment.nsw.gov.au</a>
Ministry of Health		<a href="http://www.health.nsw.gov.au">www.health.nsw.gov.au</a>
NSW Government		<a href="http://www.nsw.gov.au/fibro">www.nsw.gov.au/fibro</a>
Safe Work Australia		<a href="http://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au">www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au</a>
Asbestos Education Committee		<a href="http://www.asbestosawareness.com.au">www.asbestosawareness.com.au</a>

Local Government Association of NSW

WorkCover NSW

Dust Diseases Board

Ministry of Health

Shires Association of NSW

Division of Local Government

Trade & Investment, Resources & Energy

Ministry for Police & Emergency Services

Environment Protection Authority

Planning & Infrastructure